

# **Regional Solid Waste Association**

## **Supplemental Documents for the October 7, 2021 Board of Directors' Meeting**

**Item #6.A.**

# Participation Summary

## PERMANENT FACILITIES (Poway/Vista)

All Jurisdictions - Including Universal Waste, E-Waste, Batteries and Sharps Only Loads													
CITY	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	TOTAL
Carlsbad	182	141	119	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	442
Del Mar	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Encinitas	47	43	42	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	132
Escondido *	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
National City**	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
Poway	527	434	358	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,319
San Marcos	129	82	82	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	293
Solana Beach	9	8	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	27
Vista	371	284	197	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	852
E/U-Waste Only	225	176	197	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	598
Batteries Only	12	11	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	31
Sharps Only	15	21	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	45
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1,517</b>	<b>1,201</b>	<b>1,022</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>3,740</b>

\*Escondido participation at Poway/Vista facilities. Total participation on page 2 (Escondido and RSWA facilities).

\*\* National City participation at Poway/Vista facilities. Total participation on page 2 (Chula Vista and RSWA facilities).

## HOME PICKUPS

All Jurisdictions - Including Batteries and E-Waste Only						
	Seniors/HB	Co-Pay	Sharps/U-	Batteries Only	E-Waste Only	Monthly Total
Jul-21	128	40	13	2	0	183
Aug-21	137	41	17	2	0	197
Sep-21	109	42	25	0	0	176
Oct-21	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nov-21	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dec-21	0	0	0	0	0	0
Jan-22	0	0	0	0	0	0
Feb-22	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mar-22	0	0	0	0	0	0
Apr-22	0	0	0	0	0	0
May-22	0	0	0	0	0	0
Jun-22	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>374</b>	<b>123</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>556</b>

## RSWA HHW Participation By Jurisdiction

	Del Mar		Encinitas		Escondido*		National City**		Poway		Solana Beach		Vista		Total***	
	PHHWCF	Home P/U	PHHWCF	Home P/U	V/P	Esc.	PHHWCF	Home P/U	PHHWCF	Home P/U	PHHWCF	Home P/U	PHHWCF	Home P/U	PHHWCF	Home P/U
<b>Jul-Sep FY19</b>	5	14	165	110	0	367	37	0	1,042	3	14	41	761	16	2,391	184
<b>Jul-Sep FY20</b>	10	6	174	132	0	485	94	0	1,233	0	27	49	802	18	2,825	205
<b>Jul-Sept FY21</b>	15	15	227	160	0	626	83	0	1,583	1	27	59	918	43	3,479	278
<b>Jul-21</b>	0	4	47	32	0	112	0	0	527	0	9	21	371	12	1,066	69
<b>Aug-21</b>	1	9	43	47	0	132	0	0	434	5	8	12	284	16	902	89
<b>Sep-21</b>	0	0	42	42	0	137	0	0	358	10	10	17	197	14	744	83
<b>Oct-21</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Nov-21</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Dec-21</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Jan-22</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Feb-22</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Mar-22</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Apr-22</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>May-22</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Jun-22</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Jul-Sep FY22</b>	1	13	132	121	0	381	0	0	1,319	15	27	50	852	42	2,712	241

\* Escondido - V/P = Vista/Poway facilities, Esc. = Escondido facility

\*\* National City residents utilize Chula Vista facility, \$5 co-pay (data provided by City of Chula Vista)

\*\*\* Total - PHHWCF includes all permanent facility participation by RSWA member cities (including Escondido facility)

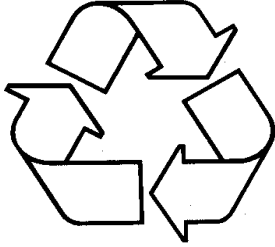
**RSWA HHW Program  
Participation and  
Volume Collected (lbs.)  
(includes HHW from all participating jurisdictions)**

	<u>Poway</u>		<u>Vista</u>		<u>Door to Door</u>		<u>Total</u>	
	Residents	Volume	Residents	Volume	Residents	Volume	Residents	Volume
<b>Jul-Sep FY19</b>	1,323	63,501	1,784	150,035	392	37,508	<b>3,499</b>	<b>251,044</b>
<b>Jul-Sep FY20</b>	1,514	63,780	2,052	164,510	453	41,127	<b>4,019</b>	<b>269,417</b>
<b>Jul-Sep FY21</b>	1,898	67,096	2,502	167,670	547	41,916	<b>4,947</b>	<b>276,682</b>
<b>Jul-21</b>	652	15,330	865	87,785	183	21,946	<b>1,700</b>	<b>125,061</b>
<b>Aug-21</b>	529	16,833	672	46,638	197	16,309	<b>1,398</b>	<b>79,780</b>
<b>Sep-21</b>	444	10,769	578	30,451	176	7,612	<b>1,198</b>	<b>48,832</b>
<b>Oct-21</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Nov-21</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Dec-21</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Jan-22</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Feb-22</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Mar-22</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Apr-22</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>May-22</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Jun-22</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Jul-Sep FY21</b>	1,625	42,932	2,115	164,874	556	45,867	<b>4,296</b>	<b>253,673</b>
<b>Weight per Vehicle/Pickup</b>		<b>26.4</b>		<b>78.0</b>		<b>82.5</b>		<b>59.0</b>

## RSWA HHW Program Participation Paint Recycling (Oil Latex) (lbs)

	Poway	Vista
<b>July-Sept FY19</b>	<b>30,563</b>	<b>76,917</b>
<b>July-Sept FY20</b>	<b>27,145</b>	<b>78,847</b>
<b>July-Sept FY21</b>	<b>34,672</b>	<b>95,552</b>
<b>Jul-21</b>	5,930	42,464
<b>Aug-21</b>	6,651	25,227
<b>Sep-21</b>	3,689	4,001
<b>Oct-21</b>	0	0
<b>Nov-21</b>	0	0
<b>Dec-21</b>	0	0
<b>Jan-22</b>	0	0
<b>Feb-22</b>	0	0
<b>Mar-22</b>	0	0
<b>Apr-22</b>	0	0
<b>May-22</b>	0	0
<b>Jun-22</b>	0	0
<b>July-Sept FY22</b>	<b>16,270</b>	<b>71,692</b>

**Item #6.B.**



# REGIONAL SOLID WASTE ASSOCIATION

Member Agencies: Cities of Del Mar, Encinitas, Escondido, National City, Poway, Solana Beach, and Vista

To: RSWA Board Members  
 From: General Manager/General Counsel James H. Eggart  
 Subject: Adopted Legislation Related to Solid Waste Matters  
 Date: October 7, 2021

The following is a summary of select legislation of interest that was adopted by the State Legislature during the recently concluded legislative session. Some of these bills have already been signed by the Governor, while others are still pending action by the Governor. There is also a brief summary of the bills that were covered in previous meetings, but failed to pass. The status of each bill is as of October 5, 2021. Those bills which are most pertinent to RSWA will be discussed in more detail at the meeting.

**BILLS SIGNED INTO LAW**

**1. Hazardous Waste**

Measure	Topic	Brief Summary
AB 332 Quirk(D), Smith(R), Arambula(D), Bauer-Kahan(D), Dahle(R), C. Garcia(D), Holden(D), & Mathis(R)	Treated Wood Waste Alternative Management Standards	This bill re-authorizes treated wood waste to be managed under alternative management standards (AMS) instead of as hazardous waste. AB 332 effectively takes the AMS that the Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC) had adopted via regulation and codifies them into statute. The bill also requires the “wood preserving industry” to prepare outreach material on treated wood waste. Finally, the bill requires CalRecycle to inform the Legislature whether it can ensure the safe management of treated wood waste by July 1, 2028. If CalRecycle finds that it can ensure the safe management of treated wood waste, then this bill will sunset on January 1, 2030. Otherwise, the bill will not sunset.  <i>Status: Signed and chaptered on 8/31/21. AB 332 was an urgency measure and took effect immediately.</i>



## Pending Legislation Related to Solid Waste Matters

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**2. Organic Waste**

<b>Measure</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Brief Summary</b>
AB 504 McCarty(D)	Clarification of Requirements to Provide Separate Recycling and Organic Waste Bins	<p>AB 504 clarifies and adds additional exemptions to the existing requirements for businesses to provide recycling and organic waste bins for customers.</p> <p>First, the bill clarifies that businesses required to provide separate recycling bins for customers only need to locate the recycling bin in the same area as the trash bin, not “adjacent to” it.</p> <p>In addition, the bill extends the existing conditional exemption from providing separate recycling and organics bins that applies to “full-service restaurants” to buffet-style or self-service restaurants, as well. These types of restaurants do not have to provide separate recycling and organics bins for customers as long as they provide their employees with separate bins to source-separate recyclables and organic waste.</p> <p>In theme parks, amusement parks, water parks, resorts or entertainment complexes, zoos, attractions, or other similar facilities, this bill limits the requirement to provide separate customer recycling and organic waste bins to permanent, nonmobile food service facilities with dedicated seating areas and further permits these types of facilities to implement their own process for recycling organic waste, in lieu of providing separate customer bins, so long as that process leads to a comparable level of organic recycling as providing an organic recycling bin or container.</p> <p><i>Status: Signed and chaptered on 7/9/21.</i></p>
AB 322 Salas (D)	Funding of Biomass Conversion Projects Under EPIC Program	<p>AB 322 requires the California Energy Commission (CEC) to consider bioenergy projects for biomass conversion in its investment planning process for the Electric Program Investment Charge (EPIC) program and to consider the recommendations of, and coordinate with, various other State agencies about the need for biomass conversion and the appropriate amount of EPIC funding to allocate to biomass conversion.</p> <p><i>Status: Signed and chaptered on 9/23/21.</i></p>

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Measure	Topic	Brief Summary
SB 619 Laird(D)	Penalty Relief for SB 1383 Noncompliance	<p>SB 619 would allow municipalities to avoid fines in 2022 and 2023 if they have not fully complied with new organics recycling regulations under SB 1383 due to impacts from the COVID-19 pandemic. Specifically, this bill provides that jurisdictions facing continuing violations of CalRecycle’s SB 1383 regulations that commence during the 2022 calendar year may be eligible for both administrative penalty relief for 2022 and a corrective action plan if they submit a notice of intent to comply (NOI) approved by CalRecycle. If the jurisdiction implements all proposed actions according to the proposed schedule in an approved NOI, CalRecycle must waive administrative civil penalties for 2022. For violations that commence during 2022 but continue into 2023, penalties will start to accrue on January 1, 2023, but must be waived if the jurisdiction completes compliance with the terms of a corrective action plan approved by CalRecycle.</p> <p>Status: <i>Signed and Chaptered on 10/5/21.</i></p>

**3. Plastic Waste Reduction**

Measure	Topic	Brief Summary
AB 1276 Carrillo(D) Gonzalez(D)	Single-Use Foodware Accessories and Condiments	<p>This bill would prohibit restaurants and food delivery platforms from providing customers with single-use foodware accessories (i.e., condiments in single-use packaging or single-use serviceware) unless requested by the customer. However, restaurants would be allowed to ask drive-through customers if they want a single-use foodware accessory in specified circumstances, and food delivery platforms may offer single use foodware accessories on their platforms. This bill would also prohibit restaurants and other food facilities from bundling or packaging single-use foodware accessories in a manner that prevents customers from taking only the desired foodware accessory. These requirements would not apply to correctional institutions, health care facilities, residential care facilities, or school cafeterias. This bill would also make violations of its provisions an infraction and require cities and counties to enforce violations beginning no later than June 1, 2022.</p> <p>Status: <i>Signed and Chaptered on 10/5/21.</i></p>

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<p>AB 881 Gonzalez(D), Friedman(D), C. Garcia(D) &amp; Mathis(R)</p>	<p>Export of Mixed Plastic Waste to Other Countries</p>	<p>This bill would classify the exportation of a mixture of plastic waste to another country (except Canada and Mexico) as “disposal” instead of “diversion,” unless one of the following exceptions apply:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) The plastic waste export is a mixture of plastic wastes consisting of polyethylene, polypropylene, or polyethylene terephthalate and the export is destined for separate recycling of each material.</li> <li>(2) The plastic waste export exportation and importation is conducted in accordance with all applicable laws and treaties of the importing country.</li> </ol> <p>This bill also requires disposal facilities, transfer stations, haulers, exporters, brokers, and other similar parties to submit periodic reports to CalRecycle that contains information on the jurisdiction or region of origin for materials that are a mixture of plastic wastes and are exported out of the country.</p> <p>Status: <i>Signed and Chaptered on 10/5/21.</i></p>
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**4. Beverage Containers**

Measure	Topic	Brief Summary
<p>AB 962 Kamlager(D)</p>	<p>CRV for Reusable Glass Bottles</p>	<p>This bill would authorize CalRecycle approved recycled glass beverage container processors to transfer reusable glass beverage containers to a washer approved by CalRecycle in lieu of crushing the containers to render them unfit for redemption.</p> <p>This bill would also authorize CalRecycle to certify additional models of processing and require CalRecycle to adopt implementing regulations by January 1, 2024.</p> <p>Status: <i>Signed and Chaptered on 10/5/21.</i></p>

<p>AB 1311 Wood(D)</p>	<p>Bottle Bill Changes</p>	<p>AB 1311 would make several small adjustments to the existing “Bottle Bill” requirements designed to help increase consumer redemption convenience and stabilize recycling centers.</p> <p>The bill would expand the types of recycling centers permitted under the CRV program to include “bag drop recycling centers.” Bag drop recycling centers could operate under the same provisions governing reverse vending machines.</p> <p>The bill would also authorize CalRecycle to permit alternative operating schedules for other types of recycling centers, allowing them to be open less than the currently mandated 30 hours per week. The bill would also authorize CalRecycle to allow recycling centers to operate using an appointment system through January 1, 2023 to prevent overcrowding.</p> <p>This bill would also eliminate the daily load limits currently applicable to dealers delivering empty beverage containers received from the public to recycling centers or processors.</p> <p>Status: <i>Signed and Chaptered on 10/5/21.</i></p>
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**5. Advertising & Labeling**

<b>Measure</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Brief Summary</b>
<p>SB 343 Allen(D)</p>	<p>Recyclability Claims on Packaging</p>	<p>SB 343 would establish criteria and a regulatory process for CalRecycle to determine and publish a list of what types of products and packaging are considered “recyclable” and would deem any product or packaging that contains some variation of the “chasing arrows” symbol, or any other symbol or statement indicating recyclability, to be an illegal deceptive or misleading claim unless CalRecycle has determined that the product or packaging is recyclable.</p> <p>Status: <i>Signed and Chaptered on 10/5/21.</i></p>

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Measure	Topic	Brief Summary
AB 1201 Ting(D) Friedman(D) Gonzalez(D) Mathis(R)	Compostable Labeling	<p>AB 1201 would extend product-labeling requirements for plastic products related to biodegradability and compostability to all products, require products labeled as “compostable” or “home compostable” to meet specified standards and criteria, and authorize CalRecycle to adopt regulations to ensure that plastic products labeled as “compostable” or “home compostable” are clearly distinguishable from non-compostable products upon quick inspection. This bill is intended to remove barriers faced by compost producers, enable products labeled as compostable to truly be compostable, and prevent manufacturers from intentionally adding PFAS and other harmful chemicals to compostable food packaging.</p> <p><i>Status: Signed and Chaptered on 10/5/21.</i></p>

**6. Other Bills Related to Solid Waste**

Measure	Topic	Brief Summary
AB 246 Quirk(D) & Mathis(R)	Illegal Dumping	<p>AB 246 adds illegal dumping to the list of violations that constitute a cause for disciplinary action against a contractor by the Contractors’ State License Board.</p> <p><i>Status: Signed and chaptered on 7/9/21.</i></p>
AJR 4 C.Garcia(D)	Basel Convention ratification	<p>This non-binding joint resolution of the California Assembly and Senate declares California to be in favor of the United States’ ratification of the Basel Convention at the earliest opportunity and requests the Biden Administration to accomplish this ratification as a matter of urgency. The Basel Convention is an international agreement designed to control the transboundary movements of hazardous wastes and their disposal. It was recently amended to also address the exportation of plastic wastes to developing countries that lack the infrastructure to properly process the plastic waste.</p> <p><i>Status: Enrolled and chaptered on 7/15/21.</i></p>

**BILLS ENROLLED AND AWAITING ACTION BY GOVERNOR**

**1. Hazardous Waste**

Measure	Topic	Brief Summary
SB 244 Archuleta(D)	Illegal Disposal of Lithium Ion Batteries	<p>SB 244 would prohibit a person from knowingly disposing of a lithium-ion battery in a container or receptacle that is intended for the collection of solid waste or recyclable materials, unless the container or receptacle is designated for the collection of batteries for recycling. This bill would also require CalRecycle, on or before July 1, 2024, and in consultation with the Department of Toxic Substances Control, to develop a guidance document relating to the proper handling and disposal of lithium-ion batteries and products that contain lithium-ion batteries. This bill would also require, by July 1, 2023, that (1) the State Department of Forestry and Fire Protection develop a model protocol for the detection, safe handling, and suppression of fires that originate from discarded lithium-ion batteries, and (2) that solid waste enterprises adopt or update such a protocol and arrange any necessary training for relevant employees.</p> <p><i>Status: Enrolled and presented to the Governor on 9/9/21.</i></p>
AB 707 Quirk(D)	Mercury Thermostat Collection Act of 2021	<p>AB 707 would update and recast a 2008 law requiring mercury thermostat manufacturers to establish and operate a collection and recycling program for out-of-service mercury-added thermostats. The updated program would involve manufacturers contracting with qualified third-party collectors to provide collection services throughout the State. The bill would require manufactures to submit an updated program for DTCS's approval, contract with a qualified third-party to implement the program, fully fund the program's regulatory and operational costs, and provide funding for a robust education and outreach program. The bill would establish a consumer incentive program where third-party servicers provide California consumers a \$30 collection incentive to properly dispose of their mercury thermostat.</p> <p><i>Status: Enrolled and presented to the Governor on 9/13/21.</i></p>

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**2. Other Bills Related to Solid Waste**

<b>Measure</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Brief Summary</b>
AB 1035 Salas(D)	Use of Recycled Materials in Streets and Highways	<p>AB 1035 would require the Caltrans, cities, and counties, to the extent feasible and cost effective, to use advanced technologies and material recycling techniques that reduce the cost of maintaining and rehabilitating streets and highways and that exhibit reduced levels of greenhouse gas emissions through material choice and construction method. Beginning January 1, 2023, the bill would also require cities and counties, to the extent feasible and cost effective, to apply standard specifications that allow for the use of recycled materials in streets and highways at or above the level allowed in the current Caltrans standard specifications.</p> <p><i>Status: Enrolled and presented to the Governor on 9/15/21,</i></p>

**FAILED BILLS**

Measure	Topic	Brief Summary
SB 54 Allen(D), Stern(D), Wiener(D)	Plastic Pollution Producer Responsibility Act	<p>Beginning in 2032, this bill would have prohibited single-use disposable packaging producers and single-use food service ware producers from selling, distributing, or importing into California any single-use disposable packaging or single-use food service ware manufactured after December 31, 2031 unless it is recyclable or compostable.</p> <p><i>Status: This bill stalled in committee and was ordered to the inactive file on May 20, 2021.</i></p>
AB 842 C.Garcia(D) Gray(D)	The California Circular Economy and Plastic Pollution Reduction Act	<p>This bill would establish a comprehensive program and provide a disincentive for continued production of plastics that are not recyclable in California. It also would require single-use plastic producers to form a “stewardship” organization and implement a plan to reach a 75% recycling rate for single-use plastic packaging and products by 2032. Lastly, the bill would incentivize producers to design recyclable packaging by assessing a 1-cent per unit fee for hard-to-recycle packaging and a 2-cent per unit fee for non-recyclable packaging.</p> <p><i>Status: This bill failed to pass out of committee prior to the April 30<sup>th</sup> deadline and will not be acted on this year. It could be brought back in 2022.</i></p>



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<p>AB 478                  Ting(D),                  Gonzalez(D),                  and Irwin(D)</p>	<p>Thermoform plastic containers</p>	<p>This bill would require most types of thermoform plastic containers sold by producers in California to contain no less than: 10% postconsumer recycled plastic by 2024; 20% postconsumer recycled plastic by 2027; and 30% postconsumer recycled plastic by 2030. It would also impose fees for violating these requirements.</p> <p>This bill would require a producer to report, under penalty of perjury, the amount, and resin type, of virgin plastic and postconsumer recycled plastic used to manufacture the thermoform plastic containers sold or offered for sale in California in the previous calendar year. Senate amendments would also require importers of thermoform plastic containers to comply with specified reporting requirements.</p> <p><i>Status: This bill failed to pass out of the fiscal committee before the September 1<sup>st</sup> deadline and will not be acted on this year. It could be brought back in 2022.</i></p>
<p>SB 38                  Wieckowski(D)</p>	<p>Beverage Container Distributor Stewardship</p>	<p>This bill would require distributors of beverage containers to form a stewardship organization to develop and submit a plan and budget for the recovery and recycling of empty beverage containers similar to that described in the Used Mattress Recovery and Recycling Act, and would establish related program administration fees and administrative civil penalties for violations.</p> <p><i>Status: This bill failed to pass out of the policy committees before the July 21<sup>st</sup> deadline and will not be acted on this year. It could be brought back in 2022.</i></p>

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SB 451 Dodd(D)	Beverage Container Recycling Projects	<p>Existing law requires CalRecycle to annually designate convenience zones and, until January 1, 2022, authorizes CalRecycle to approve up to 5 limited-term pilot projects that are designed to improve beverage container redemption opportunities in unserved convenience zones. These provisions are currently set to become inoperative on July 1, 2022 and to sunset and be repealed on January 1, 2023.</p> <p>This bill would allow any number of pilot programs in any jurisdiction(s) through June 30, 2026. The pilot program operator would be required to submit a three-year plan that considers several different elements, which generally consider how the facility will operate and achieve an 80% diversion rate.</p> <p><i>Status: This bill failed to pass out of the Assembly before the September 15<sup>th</sup> deadline and will not be acted on this year. It could be brought back in 2022.</i></p>
AB 1454 Bloom(D), O'Donnell(D)	Bottle Drop Payments	<p>As amended, this bill would require a certified bottle drop recycling program to pay the refund value electronically within three business days if the refund is not paid onsite. The bill would also authorize CalRecycle to increase certain processing and handling fee payments to certified recycling centers.</p> <p><i>Status: This bill failed to pass out of the Senate before the September 15<sup>th</sup> deadline and will not be acted on this year. It could be brought back in 2022.</i></p>
AB 1469 Santiago(D)	Plastic labeling	<p>This bill would prohibit a person from selling a plastic product that is labeled with the term “industrially compostable” unless, at the time of sale, the plastic product meets the applicable ASTM standards.</p> <p><i>Status: This bill failed to pass out of committee prior to the April 30<sup>th</sup> deadline and will not be acted on this year. It could be brought back in 2022.</i></p>
AB 318 Levine(D)	Hazardous Waste Exclusions for Green Waste	<p>This bill would allow CalRecycle to adopt regulations establishing management standards for cannabis waste as an alternative to the requirements specified in the hazardous waste control laws and implementing regulations.</p> <p><i>Status: On 6/3/21 the author, Assembly Member Levine, requested the bill be ordered to inactive file. It could be brought back in 2022.</i></p>

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<p>AB 1                  C. Garcia(D)                  and                  Santiago(D)</p>	<p>Creation of                  Environmental                  Safety in Cal                  EPA</p>	<p>This bill would create the Board of Environmental Safety (“Board”) in the <u>California Environmental Protection Agency</u>. The Board would review specified policies, processes, and programs within the hazardous waste control laws; propose statutory, regulatory, and policy changes; and hear and decide appeals of hazardous waste facility permit decisions and certain financial assurance decisions.</p> <p><i>Status: This bill failed to pass out of committee prior to the June 29<sup>th</sup> deadline and will not be acted on this year. It could be brought back in 2022</i></p>
<p>SB 42                  Wieckowski(D)</p>	<p>Creation of                  Board of                  Environmental                  Safety in DTSC</p>	<p>This bill would create the Board of Environmental Safety (“Board”) in the <u>Department of Toxic Substances Control</u>. The Board would hear and decide appeals of hazardous waste facility permit decisions; propose statutory changes for hazardous waste management; and develop a multiyear schedule for long-term goals for specified Department activities.</p> <p><i>Status: This bill failed to pass out of committee prior to the June 29<sup>th</sup> deadline and will not be acted on this year. It could be brought back in 2022</i></p>
<p>SB 207                  Dahle(R)</p>	<p>Photovoltaic                  (solar panel                  component)                  Recycling                  Advisory Group</p>	<p>This bill would require the Secretary for Environmental Protection to, convene a Photovoltaic Recycling Advisory Group, consisting of specified members, to review and advise the Legislature on policies pertaining to the recovery of photovoltaic panels and their components by April 1, 2022. This bill would require the advisory group to develop and submit to the Legislature policy recommendations, by April 1, 2025, which are aimed at ensuring 100% of photovoltaic panels in the state are reused or recycled at end of life in a safe and cost-effective manner.</p> <p>This bill is contingent upon an appropriation in the annual budget or another statute.</p> <p><i>Status: This bill failed to pass out of committee prior to the June 29<sup>th</sup> deadline and will not be acted on this year. It could be brought back in 2022.</i></p>

## Pending Legislation Related to Solid Waste Matters

October 7, 2021

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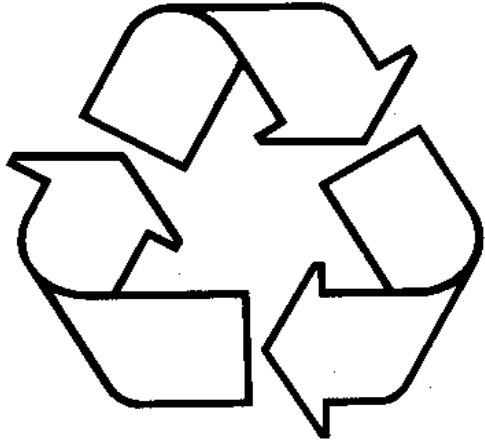
SB 289 Newman(D)	Battery and Battery Embedded Product Recycling and Fire Risk Reduction Act of 2021	<p>This bill would repeal the Rechargeable Battery Recycling Act of 2006 and the Cell Phone Recycling Act of 2004 as of January 1, 2026 and, in their place, would enact the Battery and Battery-Embedded Product Recycling and Fire Risk Reduction Act of 2021. This new Act would require: (1) producers to establish a stewardship program for batteries and battery-embedded products; and (2) a stewardship organization or producer, on or before June 30, 2024, to submit to CalRecycle a stewardship plan for the collection, transportation, and recycling, and the safe and proper management, of batteries or battery-embedded products in the state.</p> <p><i>Status: This bill failed to pass by the required deadline and will not be acted on this year. It could be brought back in 2022.</i></p>
AB 734 E. Garcia(D)	Organic Waste Reduction: Edible Food	<p>Currently, state law requires that at least 20% of edible food that is disposed of in landfills be recovered for human consumption by 2025. This bill would authorize recovery for animal and livestock consumption in addition to human consumption.</p> <p><i>Status: This bill failed to pass out of committee prior to the April 30<sup>th</sup> deadline and will not be acted on this year. It could be brought back in 2022.</i></p>
AB 649 Bennett(D)	Environmental Justice and Tribal Relations within CalRecycle	<p>This bill would establish the Office of Environmental Justice and Tribal Relations within CalRecycle. The bill would seek to ensure that the Department effectively address the needs of disadvantaged communities, low-income communities, California Native American tribes, and farmworkers.</p> <p><i>Status: This bill failed to pass out of committee prior to the April 30<sup>th</sup> deadline and will not be acted on this year. It could be brought back in 2022.</i></p>

Pending Legislation Related to Solid Waste Matters

October 7, 2021

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<p>AB 659 Mathis(R)</p>	<p>Illegal Dumping</p>	<p>This bill would make unauthorized waste dumping on private property, including on any private road or highways, punishable by a fine between \$250 and \$1,000 for a first conviction, between \$500 and \$1,500 for a second conviction, and between \$750 and \$3,000 for a third conviction. A fourth or subsequent conviction would be punishable as a misdemeanor, including imprisonment in a county jail for not more than 30 days, and by a fine of not less than \$750 nor more than \$3,000. This bill also requires a court to double the fine for the 4<sup>th</sup> or subsequent violation if the prosecuting attorney proves that the waste dumped included used tires.</p> <p><i>Status: This bill failed to pass out of committee prior to the April 30<sup>th</sup> deadline and will not be acted on this year. It could be brought back in 2022.</i></p>
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**REGIONAL SOLID WASTE  
ASSOCIATION**

Member Agencies: Cities of Del Mar,  
Encinitas, Escondido, National City, Poway,  
Solana Beach, and Vista

# Adopted Legislation Related to Solid Waste

As Presented By: General Manager/General Counsel, James Eggart

October 7, 2021

Board Meeting



# Bills Signed Into Law

# Assembly Bill 361: Virtual Meetings During Declared Emergencies

Rivas(D)

- ▶ Allows virtual/teleconference meetings during a proclaimed state of emergency if social distancing measures in place or meeting in person poses risk to attendees
- ▶ Imposes certain notice and hearing conditions for virtual meetings aimed at ensuring the public has access to the meetings and the ability to comment during the meetings
- ▶ Requires reevaluation every 30 days
- ▶ Urgency Measure - Signed into law and took effect on 9/16/21



Emergency  
Telephone



# Senate Bill 619: Temporary Relief from Penalties for SB 1383 Non-Compliance

Laird(D)

- ▶ Requires CalRecycle to waive civil penalties against Cities for not meeting SB 1383 mandates in 2022
- ▶ Approved NOI is required
  - ▶ Penalties waived for 2022 if City implements proposed actions according to schedule in approved NOI
- ▶ Corrective Action Plan may be required
  - ▶ If noncompliance continues into 2023, Corrective Action Plan required
  - ▶ Penalties waived if comply with CAP
- ▶ Signed into law on 10/5/21



# Assembly Bill 504: Recycling /Organic Bin Requirements

McCarty(D)

- ▶ Modifies existing requirements for businesses to provide separate recycling and organics bins to customers
- ▶ “Full-service restaurant” exemption extended to buffet style and self-service restaurants
- ▶ Recycling bin only has to be in same area as the trash bin, not “adjacent” to it
- ▶ Limits separate bin requirement in theme parks, water parks, resorts complexes, zoos, etc.
  - ▶ Can implement an alternative process that will result in comparable levels of organic waste diversion
- ▶ Signed into law on 7/9/21



# Assembly Bill 322: Funding for Biomass Conversion Projects

Salas(D)

- ▶ Requires the California Energy Commission to consider funding bioenergy projects for biomass conversion under its Electric Program Investment Charge (EPIC) program supporting development of new clean energy technologies
- ▶ Signed into law on 9/23/21



# Assembly Bill 1276: Eliminating Single-Use Food Service Ware

Carrillo(D), Gonzalez(D)

- ▶ Prohibits restaurants, food delivery platforms, and other “food facilities” from providing customers with *single-use* standard condiments or serviceware unless requested by the customer
  - ▶ Exception for drive-throughs
- ▶ 3<sup>rd</sup> party food delivery platforms would be allowed to provide customers with an option to select each single-use food accessory that they want
- ▶ Violation is an infraction - with fines
- ▶ Requires each city or county to enforce violations
  - ▶ Infraction
  - ▶ Fines starting at \$25/day. \$300 annual maximum.
- ▶ Does not preempt more restrictive local ordinances
- ▶ Signed into law on 10/5/21



# Assembly Bill 881: Classifying Plastic Exports

Gonzalez(D), Friedman(D), C. Garcia(D), Mathis(R)

- ▶ Establishes standards for mixed plastic waste exported to another country for recycling in order to be credited toward a local jurisdiction's solid waste diversion rate
- ▶ Classifies the exportation of mixed plastic waste as "disposal" instead of "diversion" unless:
  - ▶ it is made up of specified types of recyclable plastics only and is destined for separate recycling of each material; and
  - ▶ it complies with all applicable laws and treaties of the country of destination
- ▶ Requires the jurisdiction or region of origin for exported mixed plastic waste to be included in reports submitted to CalRecycle
- ▶ Signed into law on 10/5/21



# Assembly Joint Resolution No. 4: Ratification of the Basel Convention

C. Garcia(D)

- ▶ Declares California to be in favor of the United States' ratification of the Basel Convention
- ▶ The Basel Convention
  - ▶ The Basel Convention on the Control of Transboundary Movements of Hazardous Wastes and Their Disposal (1989) was signed but never ratified by the United States
  - ▶ The United States is 1 of 4 countries that have not signed the Basel Convention.
  - ▶ Seeks to limit the exportation of hazardous waste and plastic waste from developed countries to developing countries.
- ▶ Enrolled and Chaptered on 7/15/21



# Senate Bill 343: Deceptive Recycling Advertising

Allen(D)

- ▶ Tightens requirements around permissible use of the “chasing arrows” recycling symbol, recyclability claims, and plastic resin identification codes
- ▶ CalRecycle required to do waste characterization study and publish list of products and packaging that are recyclable
  - ▶ List to be updated at least every 5 years
  - ▶ Products deemed “recyclable” if collected in 60% of state’s curbside programs and sorted into separate streams for recycling
  - ▶ Fewer plastics will be considered “recyclable”
- ▶ Manufacturers have 18 months to modify labeling to comply
- ▶ Displaying “chasing arrows” symbol or other recyclability claim on a product or packaging not on CalRecycle’s list will be deemed “deceptive and misleading” advertising
- ▶ Signed into law on 10/5/21



# Assembly Bill 1201: Compostable Labeling

Ting(D), Friedman(D), Gonzalez(D), Mathis(R)

- ▶ Extends product-labeling requirements for plastic products related to biodegradability and compostability to *all* products
- ▶ Prohibits sale of products labeled “compostable” or “home compostable” unless they meet specified standards and criteria
- ▶ New regulations to ensure that plastic products labeled as “compostable” or “home compostable” are clearly distinguishable from non-compostable products upon quick inspection
- ▶ Bill is intended to:
  - ▶ Remove barriers faced by compost producers
  - ▶ Enable products labeled as compostable to truly be compostable
  - ▶ Prevent manufacturers from intentionally adding PFAS and other harmful chemicals to compostable food packaging
- ▶ Signed into law on 10/5/21





# Assembly Bill 332:

## Treated Wood Waste Management Standards

Quirk(D), Smith(R), Arambula(D), Bauer-Kahan(D), Dahle(R), C. Garcia(D), Holden(D), Mathis (R)

- ▶ Re-authorizes previously expired treated wood waste alternative management standards and codifies them in statute.
- ▶ Requires the wood preserving industry to prepare outreach materials.
- ▶ Sunsets January 1, 2030 unless CalRecycle finds that it cannot ensure the safe management of treated wood waste by July 1, 2028.
- ▶ Urgency Measure - Signed into law and took effect on 8/31/21.



# Assembly Bill 1311: Bottle Bill Changes

Wood(D)

- ▶ Allows unmanned “bag drop” recycling centers for CRV
- ▶ Some recycling centers could operate on an alternative schedule (i.e., less than 30 hours per week)
- ▶ Allows recycling centers to use appointment systems for 1 year
- ▶ Eliminates daily load limits for dealer delivery of empty beverage containers
- ▶ Signed into law on 10/5/21



# Assembly Bill 962: CRV for Reusable Glass Bottles

Kamlager(D), Gonzales (D)

- ▶ Amends “Bottle Bill” to facilitate CRV redemption payments for reusable glass beverage containers
- ▶ Glass bottles can be washed instead of crushed
- ▶ New regulations to facilitate development of in-state washing facilities
- ▶ Signed into law on 10/5/21



# Assembly Bill 246: Contractor Punishment for Illegal Dumping

Quirk(D), Mathis(R)

- ▶ Adds illegal dumping to the list of violations that constitute a cause for disciplinary action against a contractor by the Contractors' State License Board.
- ▶ Signed into law on 7/9/21





Bills Still  
Awaiting  
Action by  
Governor

# Assembly Bill 1035: Use of Recycled Materials in Streets and Highways

Salas(D)

- ▶ “Requires” the use of advanced technologies and material recycling techniques for street/highway construction and maintenance
- ▶ “Require” Cities to apply standard specifications that allow for the use of recycled materials in streets in levels at or above those in current Caltrans standard specifications
- ▶ Only “required” if feasible and cost effective
- ▶ Update - Presented to Governor Newsom on 9/15/21



# Senate Bill 244: Lithium-Ion Battery Disposal

Archuleta(D)

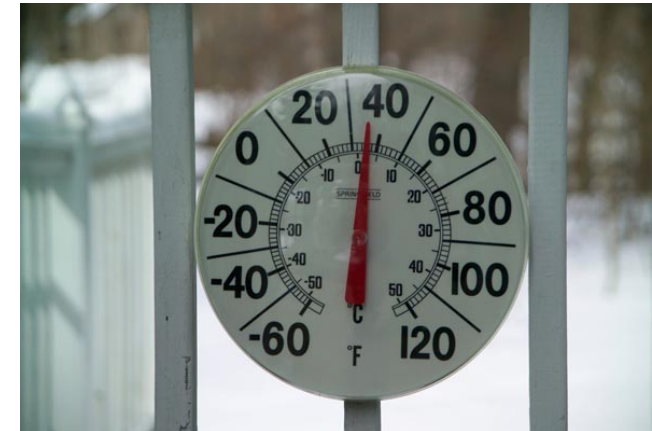
- ▶ Prohibits a person from knowingly disposing of a lithium-ion battery in a solid waste or non-battery recycling container
- ▶ Requires CalRecycle to develop guidance for proper handling and disposal of lithium-ion batteries by July 1, 2024
- ▶ By July 1, 2023: Solid Waste Enterprises must adopt a protocol and arrange for employee training for identifying best practices for the detection, safe handling, and suppression of fires from discarded lithium-ion batteries
  - ▶ State will develop a model protocol
- ▶ Update - Presented to Governor Newsom on 9/9/21



# Assembly Bill 707: Mercury Thermostat Collection Act of 2021

Quirk(D)

- ▶ Updates 2008 statute establishing EPR program for collection and recycling of mercury thermostats to improve performance and oversight
  - ▶ EPR Program updated
  - ▶ Qualified third-party hired to implement Program
  - ▶ All Program and regulatory costs to be fully funded by manufacturers
  - ▶ Education and outreach campaign
  - ▶ \$30 consumer collection incentive
- ▶ **Update - Presented to Governor Newsom on 9/13/21**





**Item #6.C.**

Item 6.C.

SB 1383 Compliance  
Update & Next Steps

Presentation Slides

# SB 1383 Compliance Update & Next Steps

**Presentation to RSWA Board  
October 7, 2021**

**Jessica Toth, Executive Director  
Mallika Sen, Environmental Solutions Director**



*Photo from grocery store dumpster in a RSWA city*

# Why Are We Doing This?

**TODAY**



**Surplus Food  
from Businesses**



**Landfill Filling**

**Methane  
Emissions**

# Why Are We Doing This?

**TODAY**



**Surplus Food  
from Businesses**



**Methane  
Emissions**

**Landfill Filling**

**TOMORROW**



**Surplus Food  
from Businesses**



**Food Rescue**



**Alleviate Food  
Insecurity**

**Fuel (RNG)  
and Digestate**



# Misperceptions

“The County will be doing that”

“EDCO is doing this for us”

“It’s too early to plan for requirements with future due dates”

# Status for SB 1383 Compliance

## Cities' Status

- Steady progress & all cities in good position
- Gaps apparent for meeting next requirements & implementation
- City staff requesting continued support

## Contract Status

- All contracted work will be complete by end of Dec 2021
- Agreement continues for additional 6 months (through June 2022)

# SB 1383 Requirements

Requirement	Lead Party			Initial Date
	City	EDCO	Solana/SDFSA	
Ordinances & Policies	✓			as-needed
Collection & Processing		✓		Jan 2022
Edible Food Recovery			✓	Feb 2022
Procurement Requirements	✓		support available	Jan 2022
Inspections & Enforcement	✓		support available	Jan 2022
Education & Outreach			✓	Feb 2022
Recordkeeping & Reporting		✓		Apr 2022
Capacity Planning	✓		support available	Apr 2022



# SB 1383 Requirements

Requirement	Lead Party			Initial Date
	City	EDCO	Solana/SDFSA	
Ordinances & Policies	✓			as-needed
Collection & Processing		✓		Jan 2022
Edible Food Recovery			✓	Feb 2022
Procurement Requirements	✓		support available	Jan 2022
Inspections & Enforcement	✓		support available	Jan 2022
Education & Outreach			✓	Feb 2022
Recordkeeping & Reporting		✓		Apr 2022
Capacity Planning	✓		support available	Apr 2022

**RSWA cities in good shape with top three requirements**

# #1 Priority for RSWA Cities

Requirement	Lead Party			Initial Date
	City	EDCO	Solana/SDFSA	
Procurement Requirements	✓		support available	Jan 2022
Inspections & Enforcement	✓		support available	Jan 2022
Education & Outreach			✓	Feb 2022
Recordkeeping & Reporting		✓		Apr 2022
Capacity Planning	✓		support available	Apr 2022

DISPOSAL: We now know Tier 1 & 2 businesses (Task 1.1)

- Need to calculate how much edible food they are disposing

RECOVERY: We now know food recovery entities in your city (Task 2.3)

- Need to know how much they can take from your city

# #2 Priority for RSWA Cities

Requirement	Lead			Initial Date
	City	EDCO	Solana/SDFSA	
Procurement Requirements	✓		support available	Jan 2022
Inspections & Enforcement	✓		support available	Jan 2022
Education & Outreach			✓	Feb 2022
Recordkeeping & Reporting		✓		Apr 2022
Capacity Planning	✓		support available	Apr 2022

We now have preliminary lists of food rescue entities (Task 2.3)

We will have compliance resources for businesses (Tasks 1.2, 2.2, 2.4)

- Need to post food rescue options on your city website
- Need to distribute resources to businesses
- Should provide technical assistance to businesses to implement change

# #3 Priority for RSWA Cities

Requirement	Lead			Initial Date
	City	EDCO	Solana/SDFSA	
Procurement Requirements	✓		support available	Jan 2022
Inspections & Enforcement	✓		support available	Jan 2022
Education & Outreach			✓	Feb 2022
Recordkeeping & Reporting		✓		Apr 2022
Capacity Planning	✓		support available	Apr 2022

We will have inspection checklist for visiting businesses (Task 1.3)

- Need to do business inspections and track outcomes
- Need enforcement procedures in place

# Recommended Next Steps

1. Use County tool to determine potential rescuable edible food for each city
2. Implement food recovery capacity survey to audit list of food recovery organizations
3. Create website landing page layout with resource links for each city to use
4. Provide individual technical assistance to businesses
5. Inspect commercial food generators
6. Assess recordkeeping and tracking software
7. Determine each cities' overage/shortfall for edible food recovery and create an implementation plan if more capacity is needed

**Next: RSWA and city staff with Solana Center to define next work, if board agrees**

# Questions?



# Backup Data – Findings To-Date

	Del Mar	Encinitas	National City	Poway	Solana Beach	Vista
Tier 1 Businesses	2	16	17	n/a	2	51
Tier 2 Businesses	16	51	49	n/a	18	60
Possible Additional	12	16	46	n/a	7	37
<b>Total Possible Businesses</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>112</b>	<b>n/a</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>148</b>
Food Recovery Services	5	5	5	6	5	4
Food Recovery Orgns	7	11	14	13	5	16
Food Distribution Agencies	0	2	20	11	2	24
<b>Total Food Rescue Entities</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>44</b>

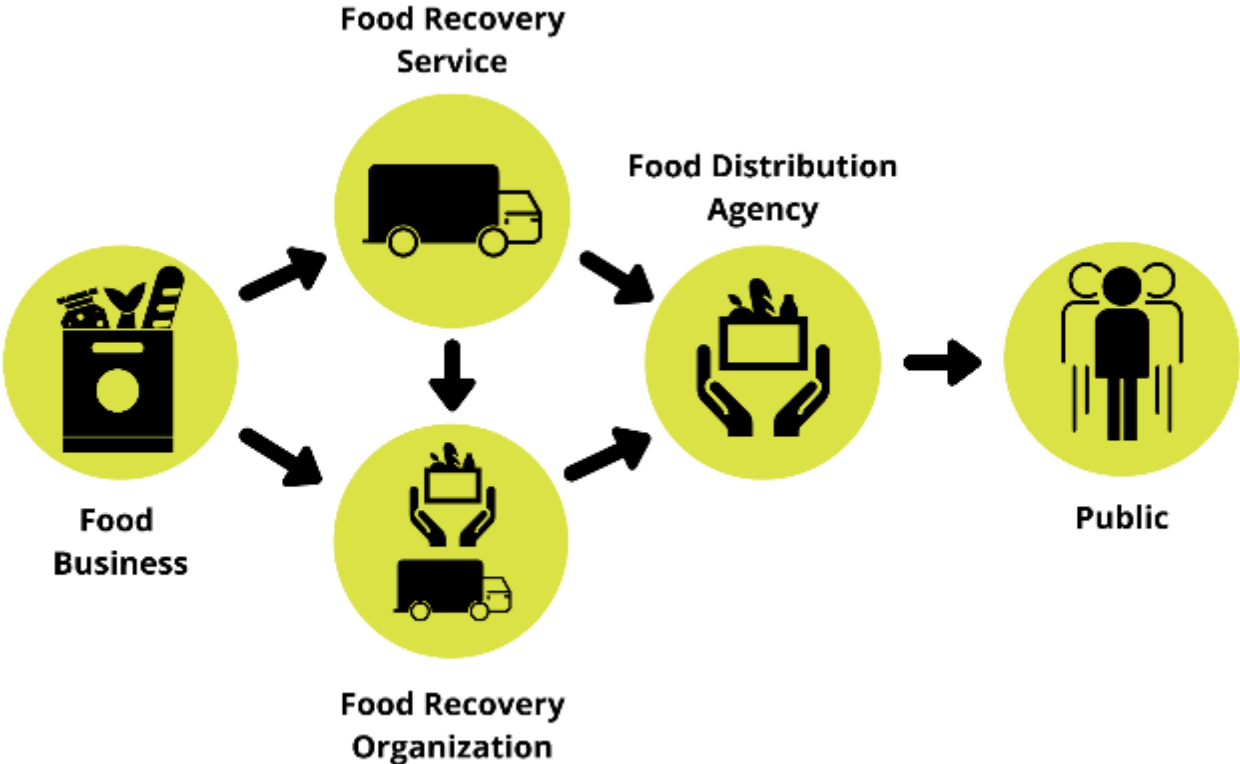
# Sources for Tier Identification

## Data Sources

- Commercial business database with NAICS and SIC business code listings
- EDCO commercial businesses list
- Department of Environmental Health food facility registrations
- Spectrum commercial business list (purchased)
- CalRecycle convenience zones supermarket listings
- California Department of Public Health (CDPH) health facility listings
- SANDAG hotel data listings
- Jurisdictional data on large events, venues and business listings
- Where additional data was needed, internet searches, website visits, and phone calls to the business were conducted.



# Food Rescue Entities



Item 6.C.

September Monthly  
Progress Report  
SB 1383

# September Monthly Progress Report

SB 1383 Compliance Support Services



# General Progress

- Tier 1 and 2 identification work is completed and sent out to cities for review. Approximately 3,800 businesses from multiple data sources were reviewed to complete this task. Reviews are being scheduled with the cities to answer questions and jointly assess businesses that fall under a grey zone with respect to identification criteria. Finalised tally of businesses that fall under either Tier 1 or Tier 2 classifications will be provided when all the reviews are completed.
- Next steps that need to be taken by the cities are compiled and included in the Tier Identification document under “Next Steps” tab. Tasks that can be supported by either Solana Center or SDFSA are identified in the list. List was reviewed and verified with CalRecycle.
- Status of core deliverables:

Task	Date	Status
Food recovery educational campaign for top generators	end of June 2021	Completed
Preliminary list of food recovery organizations and services	end of June 2021	Completed
Tier Identification	end of Sept 2021	Completed. Under Review
Inspection Checklist	end of Oct 2021	Ongoing
Edible Food Recovery Packet	end of Oct 2021	Ongoing
Compliance Resource Packets	end of Oct 2021	Ongoing
Edible Food Recovery Webinar	mid Nov 2021	Ongoing
Edible Food Recovery Annual mailer	mid Dec 2021	Ongoing

## Concerns/Risk Mitigation Needed:

None

*This material was developed for RSWA and associated cities in partnership with Solana Center for Environmental Innovation and San Diego Food System Alliance.*



# Task 1 Conduct Outreach and Education (Solana Center)

## Task 1.1 Identify Tier 1 and Tier 2 generators

Status: Tier 1 and Tier 2 lists have been delivered to the cities and are under review.

Progress:

- Ongoing one-on-one reviews are being scheduled with all the cities to review their tier identification list, process used for identification, and judgement call businesses.
  - An unexpected amount of work was encountered when working with DEH (Dept of Environmental Health), CDPH (CA Dept of Public Health), and NAICS (North American Industry Classification System) databases and lists. Much of the information was out-dated compounded by challenges presented by Covid. Many business records were allowed to lapse in a spirit of leniency towards businesses on account of additional hardships caused by the pandemic. This resulted in an unexpected amount of cross checking of data . Additional attempts were also made to reach numerous businesses through phone calls to obtain required information. More detailed in-person verification of businesses and data can be supported as an optional task.
- Multiple communications (emails and meetings) held with CalRecycle to ensure accurate understanding of the regulations in the completion of this task.
- Multiple communications (emails and meetings) held with the County of San Diego and City of San Diego to achieve regional consistency in identification of businesses.
- Raw data is being prepared for each City that provides detail of all businesses reviewed that did not qualify as Tier 1 or 2 businesses. This information was identified as a necessary companion to the Tier 1 and 2 lists so that Cities are able to provide justification for why any businesses are not on their lists.

Additional Notes:

- Tier 1 and Tier 2 businesses were analysed as a desk-top exercise. Every attempt was made to verify Tier 1 businesses were still in existence and when not possible were recorded in the spreadsheets.
- There were many grey areas that required judgement calls as CalRecycle's guidance gave room for interpretation. These businesses are reviewed with the cities to agree on final classification.

*This material was developed for RSWA and associated cities in partnership with Solana Center for Environmental Innovation and San Diego Food System Alliance.*



- Many times businesses were not willing to share their contact or other required information over the phone. These businesses were also identified in the judgement calls section if they were close to the regulation prescribed thresholds.

### Task 1.2 Create baseline and compliance resources

Status: Review of regulations and research ongoing. Design and development of compliance packets for food generators and grocers compliance packets started. Completion will be at the end of Oct. 2021.

Progress: N/A

Concerns: N/A

### Task 1.3 Create inspection plan and protocol for inspections

Status: Regulation requirements reviewed and follow up meetings held with CalRecycle to cross-check inspection expectations. Design and development of the inspection plan started. Reached out to certain Northern California cities to review best practices in place. Completion will be at the end of Oct. 2021.

Progress: N/A

Concerns: N/A

## Task 2 Edible Food Recovery Program (SDFSA)

### Task 2.1 Plan food recovery educational campaign to educate top generators

Status: Completed.

### Task 2.2 Develop and deliver food recovery resources to generators

Status: On track to be completed by late Oct. to early Nov.

Progress: Completed one round of design and content review for Item #1 with Solana Center staff. Designed the remaining 5 deliverables using shared brand guidelines. Continued planning for the food recovery webinar, including developing the slide deck and coordinating with video case study partners. Completed video interview with Department of Environmental Health. Developed storyboard and script for video case study with Jimbo's. Developed promotional webinar language and designed promotional materials. Coordinated with translator, Fernanda Vega, about translation of educational resources and webinar closed captioning.

*This material was developed for RSWA and associated cities in partnership with Solana Center for Environmental Innovation and San Diego Food System Alliance.*



Concerns: N/A

**Task 2.3 Compile a preliminary list of food recovery organizations and service names**

Status: Completed.

**Task 2.4 Develop a food recovery newsletter/mailer for annual education**

Status: Not to be started until Oct. 2021. Completion will be Dec. 2021.

Progress: N/A

Concerns: N/A

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